O 88B (Rev. 02 4) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action

# **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT** for the Eastern District of Virginia Code-To-Learn Foundation d/b/a Scratch Foundation Plaintiff Civil ction No. 1:19-cv-67-LO-MSN Scratch.org Defendant SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS, INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS **OR TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTION** To: Enom, 10400 NE 4th Street, Floor 5, Bellevue, WA 98004

(Name of person to whom this subpoena is directed)

Production: YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and to permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material: See Exhibit A

Place:By email to dweslow@wileyrein.com, or 1776 K Street NW, Washington DC 20006 (preferred), or	Date and Time:
1100 Bellevue Way NE, Suite 8A, Bellevue, WA 98004	06/26/2019 5:00 pm

□ Inspection of Premises: YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or other property possessed or controlled by you at the time, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample the property or any designated object or operation on it.

Place:	Date and Time:
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The following pro isions of Fed. R Civ. P 45 are attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so

OR

6/7/2019 Date:

CLERK OF COURT

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Attorney's signature

Code-To-Learn The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the attorney representing (name of party) , who issues or requests this subpoena, are: Foundation, d/b/a Scratch Foundation David E. Weslow, Wiley Rein LLP, 1776 K Street NW, Washington DC 20006, dweslow@wileyrein.com, 202.719.7000

#### Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

f this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is ser ed on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4)

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## **PROOF OF SERVICE**

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this subpoena for (name of individual and title, if any)

on (date)

□ I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named person as follows:

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

### Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

(1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:

(A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or

(B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person

(i) is a party or a party's officer; or

(ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

(A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and

(B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

#### (d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

#### (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

(A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.

(B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

(i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.

(ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

#### (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

(A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:

(i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;

(ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);

(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

(i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.

(C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

(i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and

(ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

#### (c) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

(1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoend does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

#### (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

(A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

(i) expressly make the claim; and

(ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
(B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party

that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

#### (g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

For access to subpoena materials, see Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a) Committee Note (2013).

# EXHIBIT A

# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA Alexandria Division

# CODE-TO-LEARN FOUNDATION D/B/A SCRATCH FOUNDATION,

Plaintiff,

v.

Civil Action No. 1:19-cv-67-LO-MSN

SCRATCH.ORG, an Internet domain name,

Defendant.

# DEFINITIONS

The following Requests are subject to the definitions set forth below:

1. The term "Subject Domains" shall include the domain SCRATCH.ORG,

as well as any other domain names associated with the following names and email addresses:

- (a) ravi@lahoti.net
- (b) SeriousNet, Inc.
- (c) contact-info@serious.net
- (d) ip@dot.org
- (e) drlahoti
- (f) drlah@privacycontact.com
- (g) whois@i-re.com
- (h) iPhones
- (i) iPhones LLC
- (j) R. Lahoti

2. The term "document" is synonymous in meaning and equal in scope to the usage of this term and the term "tangible thing" in the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Each comment, or addition to, or deletion from, a document shall constitute a separate document within the meaning of this term. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the term "document" shall also include any and all means of conveying, storing, or memorializing information, whether in paper or other tangible physical form, or in electronic form, in your possession, custody, or control, including, without limitation, computer e-mail.

3. The term "person" shall include, without limitation, individuals, associations, companies, divisions, corporations, partnerships, and any business entities, whether formal or informal.

4. All words not otherwise defined above shall be interpreted in accordance with their ordinary dictionary definition and the meaning given to them by cases interpreting Virginia law.

# **INSTRUCTIONS**

1. These requests shall apply to all documents in your actual or constructive possession, custody, or control at the present time and to documents that come into your actual or constructive possession, custody, or control before the date you produce documents in response to this request.

2. If no documents are responsive to these requests, you shall state that no responsive documents exist. If you no longer have copies of documents you once possessed, provide a description of the document, its contents, when it was written, when

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it was received by you, its source or authorship, who gave or sent it to you, and who signed it.

3. If you decline to produce all or part of any responsive document for any reason (including, but not limited to, any claim of privilege), you shall describe both the information withheld and the reason for withholding it in a manner sufficient to:

- (a) disclose the facts upon which you rely in withholding the information or asserting a claim of privilege;
- (b) permit the grounds and reasons for withholding the information to be identified unambiguously; and
- (c) permit the information withheld to be identified unambiguously.

# **REQUESTS FOR DOCUMENTS AND THINGS**

1. Documents sufficient to identify any person who registered or transferred the Subject Domains and the date(s) of such registration or transfer.

2. Documents sufficient to identify all postal addresses, email addresses, and phone numbers used by any person who registered or transferred the Subject Domains.

3. Documents sufficient to identify all payment methods used by any person who registered or transferred the Subject Domains, including, as applicable, the credit card number, credit card type, issuing bank, payment service used, name on the payment account, and any contact information associated with the payment account.

4. Documents sufficient to identify all IP addresses used by any person who registered or transferred the Subject Domains.

5. Documents sufficient to show the technical settings for the Subject Domains, including the name servers, mail servers, and IP addresses used in connection with the Subject Domains.